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## ENTENTE OFFENSIVE OF GREAT INTENSITY

Both British and French War Offices Report a Steady Advance at Certain Points

### GERMANS OFFER A FORMIDABLE RESISTANCE

Offensive Action Started Saturday Morning Was Continued

Saturday Night and Sunday With Undiminished Force—the Somme River Region, the Germans Have Not Ceased Notwithstanding Terrific Attacks Made Against Them in Marked in Connection With the Operations—Russians Marked in Connection With the Operations—Russians Report a Further Advance of Their Troops in Galicia.

All through the night the great British and French offensive which began Saturday morning in the Somme and Amiens sectors continued with intensity and there was no diminution of the battle on Sunday. Both British and French war offices report a steady advance at certain points, but speak also of the formidable German resistance.

Prioult, an important town three miles east of Albert, has fallen to the British arms, while the French have taken Curly, which lies to the southwest. The fighting at the southern end of the British line, where it is in contact with the French, is of the fiercest nature, tremendous artillery attacks preceding all the infantry attacks.

The French have taken 5,000 prisoners, according to the latest estimates, while the British, though reporting the capture of 3,500, later declared that the estimates were too low. Owing to the nature of the battle it is not doubted that the casualties are very high.

Notwithstanding the terrific offensive against them in the Somme river region, the Germans have not ceased in their efforts around Verdun. They have bombarded several of the Verdun sectors and have launched infantry attacks against the French trenches. While Berlin declares that the French attack against the famous Triaumont works were repulsed by curtains of fire, the French war office announces that this strategic position has been recaptured by the French forces and is held by them.

Referring to the Anglo-French drive, the German official statement says that at several points of the first line trenches along the Somme the enemy forces achieved successes and were able to advance. German divisions in this sector had to be withdrawn and material in the first line which was invaluable and which had been rendered useless was lost.

In connection with the operations going on, aerial activity was marked. There have been many air fights and three French machines were brought down within the German lines and three others also were shot down. The British admit that three of their machines are missing.

Additional successes are recorded by Petrograd, the official communication announcing that Austrian positions west of Kolomea in Galicia have been taken by storm after intense fighting, with the capture of 2,000 prisoners. The Austro-Germans in Volhynia are making desperate counter-attacks, while in other sections of the Russian front there are vigorous artillery and infantry engagements in which neither side seems to have made any notable gains.

The Italians are pushing their strong offensive in the Trentino and indeed along almost the entire Austro-Italian front. The fighting, probably part of the concerted plan of the current allies to press matters to a decision at all points.

### NO DEVELOPMENTS IN MEXICAN SITUATION.

No Word as to When Carranza Will Reply to American Note.

Washington, July 2.—Sunday brought no important developments here in the Mexican crisis. The only official news received during the day aside from routine reports was a message from General Funston transmitting information reaching General Bell at El Paso regarding the Mexican raid near Fort Hancock. It is said that raiders took two horses last night near Old Fort Early, Texas, and escaped into Mexico. An investigation was in progress and General Bell said he would take action as soon as the order to American commanders to follow into Mexico any hot trail they find remains unchanged.

Neither the War department nor the Mexican embassy had any word as to when Carranza's reply to the American demands, awaited by President Wilson, with some importance, might be expected. There seemed little probability that the Washington government would consider further action until late in the week. The houses will not resume until Wednesday, having adjourned over the Fourth of July. While the administration could take any necessary defensive steps in the event that General Pershing's column was attacked, no aggressive movement would be undertaken until after President Wilson had advised congress of his purpose and definite authority had been granted.

Officials profess complete ignorance as to the time President Wilson is willing to wait for General Carranza's reply.

The war department issued a brief official statement today regarding the good progress being made in national guard mobilization.

"Mobilization of the national guard in all departments is proceeding without a hitch," it said. "Large parts of the muster of the remainder is proceeding as rapidly as possible."

### HOSPITALS FOR BENEFIT OF MASSACHUSETTS TROOPS

Three Are to Be Established at Mexican Border Points.

Boston, July 2.—Three base hospitals are to be established at Mexican border points for the benefit of the Massachusetts troops which go there for service. It was announced yesterday that the institutions will be conducted by units already organized here, drawn from the state of the Massachusetts General, Boston City and Peter Bent Brigham hospitals. Subscriptions toward a fund of \$250,000 to support the service have begun with Major H. L. Higginson as president, heading the list with \$10,000.

### A ZAPATA GENERAL SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

In a Battle With Constitutional Forces—Death Blow to Zapata.

Mexico City, July 2.—The Zapata general, Don L. O. has been seriously wounded in a battle with the constitutional forces. According to a dispatch received by the secretary of state from General Mendez, "The battle, fought with the rebels, was a decisive one. The rebels were repulsed and the constitutional forces reported by General Pablo Gonzalez, has reinforced the hopes of the constitution. The death blow has been struck to the rebels."

### Cabled Paragraphs

Russians Storm Austrian Positions. Petrograd, July 2.—General Letchitzky's army after intense fighting has captured by storm the strategic positions in the region west of Kolomea, in Galicia, taking 8,000 prisoners.

### NOGALES AROUSED BY A FIVE MINUTE FUSILLADE

Between Members of a Carranza Garrison and U. S. Sentries.

Nogales, Ariz., July 2.—Nogales was aroused early today by a fusillade just west of the town that lasted for five minutes. The firing proved to be an exchange of shots between members of the Carranza garrison in Nogales, Sonora, and an American sentry post on this side of the line. No one was injured.

With the arrival of the California field artillery, expected tonight, the force here will total 5,000 men. A squadron of the California National Guard Cavalry arrived today without incident and went into camp.

The Carranzista fighting men in western Sonora, including Paqui and Mayo Indians, sentenced Paqui and citizens in training is reported to be about 15,000. These are exclusive of the forces south of Douglas, Ariz. and around Cananea. The Mexican coal supply has become low and the rolling stock of the railways is in poor repair, it is reported.

While mobilizing continued on this side of the border, smallpox and starvation are ravaging the Carranza forces, according to Joseph Knoden, a German sailor, who arrived here today after six days on a troop train of 47 cars moving north from Guaymas to Imuris.

### HUGHES TO OPEN ACTIVE CAMPAIGN IN AUGUST

To Make a 7,000 Trip to the Pacific Coast and Return.

Bridgeport, N. Y., July 2.—Charles E. Hughes probably will open his active presidential campaign a second week in August, with a 7,000 mile trip to the Pacific coast and return.

The nominee is considering a schedule that will provide for a dozen set speeches to be made at Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Paul or Minneapolis, Seattle, Portland, Oregon, San Francisco, possibly Los Angeles, and several other cities in the territory traversed.

The trip would last from five to six weeks and would bring the nominee back to the east, ready for what he expects to be a "whirlwind campaign" the latter part of September.

Not more than a dozen speeches will be made on this trip unless present plans are altered. All the chief features of the day will be discussed. Upon suggestions of party leaders in New York and because of the difficulty of assembling the notification committee, the formal notification ceremony is being considered. Mr. Hughes is in mind having the notification ceremony in New York. There has been no definite decision on this question, however.

### ANOTHER SURVIVOR OF THE CARRIZAL FIGHT

Corporal Cooke Brought to Juarez, Probably For Release.

El Paso, Texas, July 2.—Another survivor of the Carrizal fight was located today. He is Corporal E. X. Cooke, of Troop K, Tenth Cavalry, who was brought into Juarez this afternoon from Villa Ahumada and placed in prison.

General Francisco Gonzalez, Juarez commander, wired General Jacinto Trevino at Chihuahua, asking for instructions and it is probable Cooke will be turned over to the American authorities tomorrow.

General Cooke's addition to telling of his adventures since the battle with the Mexicans under General Gomez added his statement to that of other survivors of the engagement. He also quoted Captain Boyd as saying just before the commander gave orders to his men to retreat.

"The general has given orders that there is only one way for us to go and that is to the north. My orders are to go to Villa Ahumada, to the east and I am going there."

### SECOND REGIMENT HAS REACHED EL PASO, TEX.

Men Given a Spontaneous and Hearty Greeting.

El Paso, Texas, July 2.—The Second Regiment, Connecticut Militia Infantry, reached El Paso at 7 o'clock tonight and was met by a spontaneous and hearty greeting.

A tourist sleeper which had been returned from the border to Santa Fe, N. M., was met by the regiment as there was a lack of water and ice and the sanitary conditions were uncertain.

### MAN DROWNED WHILE BEING TAUGHT TO SWIM

Instructor Almost Lost His Own Life in Trying to Save Pupil.

Derby, Conn., July 2.—Salvatore Trapani, aged 24 years, was drowned in the Housatonic river here today. He was unable to swim. A cousin, Giovanni Abbate, 22 years old, was attempting to teach him. While in deep water Trapani, apparently fearful of drowning, began to struggle. Abbate lost his hold on him and Trapani sank. His cousin almost lost his life in the effort to save him, and finally struck out for shore, reaching it in a hysterical condition. Trapani's body was recovered later.

### \$100,000 FOR ERECTION OF A GIRLS' DORMITORY

Gift by Mrs. Russell Sage to Lawrence College.

Appleton, Wis., July 1.—Mrs. Russell Sage, New York, has donated \$100,000, the largest gift ever received by Lawrence College, to erect a girls' dormitory as a memorial to her late husband, President Samuel Plant announced today.

### OBITUARY.

Mrs. Elizabeth P. Dickinson.

Haddam, Conn., July 2.—Mrs. Elizabeth P. Dickinson died at her home here today, leaving 198 descendants, running into the fourth generation. They include two sons, four daughters, 38 grandchildren, 54 great grandchildren and eight great great grandchildren.

Died While Taking Morning Walk. Bristol, Conn., July 2.—Charles Parker, 55, a well known resident of the city, was found dead on a bank today near the New Haven railroad tracks. Following his usual custom, he had gone for an early morning walk and had been overcome by heart failure.

## Battle of Somme in Full Progress

CRITICAL IF NOT DECISIVE STAGE OF THE WAR.

### ALONG 25 MILE FRONT

French Have Retaken Fifty Square Miles of French Territory Which Had Been Held by the Germans—Have Captured Nine Villages.

Paris, July 2, 5 p. m.—The battle of the Somme, now in full progress, marks the opening of the Franco-British offensive, long expected as a critical if not the decisive stage of the war.

Early reports today show that the entire allied forces are sweeping forward along the River Ancre. The French already have taken 5,000 prisoners, while the allied lines have elapsed within the 24 hours nine villages and 50 square miles of French territory held until now by the Germans.

Great Offensive Was Expected.

The great offensive was expected and eagerly awaited in the last 30 days, but the exact date of the blow was to be delivered was carefully concealed. It was believed that it would be north of Arras, with Lille as the objective, but it was finally decided for strategic rather than for sentimental grounds to execute the move south of Arras at a point where the pierces of the line would operate more seriously in the district location of the German forces.

Theatre of Operations.

The theatre of operations for the British runs between Compiègne, north of the River Ancre, a point just north of the Somme, while the French attacked on both sides of the Somme and southward towards Reims.

Thus the entire allied armies present a front of 25 miles, with the British on the left for 15 miles and the French on the right for 10 miles.

The region of this supreme contest is favorable for military operations. Practically all of it is within the department of the Somme, which is a level plateau of chalky formation.

The fighting lines extend between a great number of small villages which are usually devoted to textile industries, while the outlying agricultural sections are level fields, chiefly devoted to the raising of wheat and the production of French.

Intense Bombardment for Four Days.

The intense bombardment of the last four days was the signal for an advance over these level fields burning a path for the infantry. The allied artillery then continued to range so as to shut off all communication between the first German line and the rear. The result was that this made it impossible for the Germans to utilize their perfect organization for the shifting of troops and for the bringing up of reserves.

Villages Captured by French.

The villages which the French captured in the first sweep include Doullens, Beaucourt, Bismes and Fay, and the last of these towns taken by British—Montaubert and Bapaume—were all found to have been strongly fortified by the Germans.

The allies quickly threw up strong earthworks and the villages taken, taken in order to protect them against counter-attacks. It was not before night, however, that the Germans were driven back to their original positions. This was centered against the French position on the outskirts of Hamcourt and was repulsed with heavy losses.

Throughout last night the French continued their drive, capturing the village of Curlu, which they already had occupied the outskirts, and pressing south of the Somme between Herbecourt and Ansevelles.

In addition to the military successes the terrain overrun by the entire allied troops has an exceptional strategic importance. Four of the towns captured by the French are only seen west of Peronne, the chief railway from the German center at Cologne to the German front in the region of Noyon and Soissons.

Trying to Cut Trunk Railway.

The German headquarters is at St. Quentin, 25 miles southeast of Peronne. Already the French forces threaten Peronne with the evident purpose of cutting the trunk railway northward. This is an indispensable artery for German military reinforcements.

The speed of the advance of the allied troops is indicated by the fact that the perfection of artillery preparations exceeded anything yet done in the destruction of field works.

The concentrated machine guns that had stopped the French in Arras and in the Champagne had all been demolished here, and it was chiefly man against man with rifle and bayonet, at which style of fighting, the officers say, the French and British both showed superiority, rushing over the ground with such rapidity that in an hour and a half from the moment the first order was given the German first line had been carried over most of the 25 miles of front.

Desperate Fighting Around Verdun.

Desperate fighting continues around Verdun and although this field of action is separated by nearly 100 miles from the Somme, the fighting is considered part of the vast military plan now unfolding.

The French have now taken the aggressive at Verdun, today, reporting showing an attack on Dead Man Hill, with heavy German losses and the taking of prisoners. The French are thus keeping the Germans fully occupied at Verdun and are preventing them from sending reinforcements to relieve their weakened line in the Somme.

On the other hand, the Germans pride themselves with being able finally to take Verdun and concentrating their chief effort in the south.

Now They'll Get Him.

Mr. Wilson remarked that he was tempted to get a set of whiskers. And he did.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Mexico's Two Queens.

New York, July 2.—Arrived: Steamers New York, Liverpool; San Gualtero, Naples; Sailed: Steamers Chicago, London; Cedric, Liverpool.

## Mail Facilities For Guardsmen

REQUEST OF FUNSTON

Hundreds of Letters Have Arrived at Niantic Bearing No Company or Regimental Designation, Thereby Causing Confusion.

Camp Holcomb, Niantic, Conn., July 2.—Every effort will be made by the war department to put the militiamen who are on the Mexican border in touch with the folks at home. It was announced here today. General Funston, who is in command on the border, has requested that means be taken to hasten the handling of mail by doing up the matter in regimental bundles for forwarding to the station of the regiment. Cooperation of the postal authorities is also requested.

Request of General Funston.

The request of General Funston is contained in the following telegram received here today by Major E. A. Shultsworth:

"Governor's Island, N. Y., Conn. The following telegram received from General Funston, Niantic, Conn.: 'To commanding general, eastern department, Governor's Island, N. Y. In order to facilitate the handling of mail for national guard ordered to this department request you to instruct all such units of your department to include in mail the names of companies, regiment and state designations as well as destination; also request you to arrange for local postal authorities to sort mail into regimental bundles and dispatch to designations furnished by you.' (Signed.)"

"You will comply with this request through local authorities. Acknowledged."

Two Chaplains Are Postmasters.

In both the First and Second Infantry the regimental chaplains are the postmasters. Before leaving they are detailed assistants to handle the mail and to prepare it for shipment direct to the regiments on orders to be sent. In this way it was hoped that letters, cards and parcel post matter would not be lost nor would it be subject to delay through repeated handling, the officers and men being advised that it would be best to notify the chaplain if they intended to write to send their messages for the time being to the camp here to be forwarded in pre-arranged order rather than to follow the regiment from place to place. At that time the army authorities had given no orders as to dispatch of mail.

In spite of the efforts of the regimental chaplains to get order out of confusion, hundreds of letters and cards and some packages early arrived here bearing no company or even regimental designation, offering a problem for the mail orderly to locate the intended recipient.

CONGRESS TO COMPLETE  
FINANCIAL PREPAREDNESS.

Talk of Half a Billion for National Defense.

Washington, July 2.—Congress is preparing to complete its programme of financial preparedness with every indication that appropriations this session will aggregate considerably more than a billion and a half dollars, at least half a billion of which will be for national defense.

Figures compiled by Chairman Fitzgerald of the house appropriations committee, and increases put into pending legislation, show that the grand appropriation total may reach \$1,650,000,000, exceeding by more than \$500,000,000 the record of any previous Congress.

Last week Representative Fitzgerald submitted a statement to the house showing that the grand total for the fiscal year 1917, including the national defense bill, and the military committee has increased the \$182,000,000 army appropriation measure by approximately \$100,000,000.

The principal appropriation measures awaiting senate consideration are the army and navy bills. As amended in committee, they carry \$329,000,000 and \$218,829,848, respectively, and together with the fortifications bill, which has passed both houses, would appropriate for national defense more than \$822,000,000. There is every indication that the senate will accept at least the major part of the proposed army and navy increases, but conferences that are certain to be demanded probably will succeed in paring them down. Whatever happens, however, leaders of both houses agree that the total of appropriations will break all records.

### NEW LONDON COMPANIES ORDERED TO NIANITIC.

Ordered to Report at Camp Holcomb Wednesday Morning.

New London, Conn., July 2.—The First and Tenth companies, C. A. C., were ordered tonight to report at Camp Holcomb, Niantic, on Wednesday morning. The orders came from Major General Wood at Washington.

Both companies returned from a ten days' target practice at Fort H. G. Wright, N. Y., on Saturday, and while in training sent a petition to the war department to be sent to the border. On Saturday the members of the companies reported that there was no chance of them going to the border, but there has been a change in the war department's plans over Sunday.

While in camp there were other companies from the state in training at the same time and the likelihood is that they will also be ordered to Camp Holcomb.

### MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

New York, July 2.—Arrived: Steamers New York, Liverpool; San Gualtero, Naples; Sailed: Steamers Chicago, London; Cedric, Liverpool.

### Condensed Telegrams

Earl Kitchener left a fortune of \$850,000.

The 47th Regiment of Brooklyn went into camp at Peekskill.

Russia is reported to be planning the purchase of 40,000 cars.

Cardinal Gibbons celebrated the 55th anniversary of his ordination.

The Australian loan floated in London has been fully subscribed.

The Autocar Co. of Ardmore, Pa., declared a cash dividend of 5 per cent.

Areto Shillitani, slayer of four men, was electrocuted at Sing Sing prison.

Italy has called to the colors reserves of the classes of 1882 and 1892.

President Wilson has chosen Walter C. Burton to be Postmaster of Brooklyn.

Regular shipments are being made without interference from the Mexican oil fields.

A plea for clemency for Sir Roger Casement was made by Manchester "Guardian."

The Red Cross fund inaugurated by the London "Times" reached the \$201,000,000 mark.

Four Villa bandits who participated in the Columbus raid were hanged at Deming, N. M.

Extra pay will be allowed enlisted men and officers of the regular army on foreign service.

A plant to cost \$1,000,000 will be erected at Brighton, Cal., by the Great Northern Sugar Co.

Exports of copper from Atlantic ports for the week ended June 29 amounted to 11,457 tons.

The fiftieth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was concluded at Utica, N. Y.

The State Department has forwarded to Germany the British note on the subject of relief for Poland.

Sales of the Studebaker Corporation for the first six months of 1916 are reported to have increased 80 per cent.

An order for 100 ballast cars was received by the American Car & Foundry Co. from the Texas & Pacific Co.

A bill was introduced in the Bulgarian Sobranie asking for \$50,000,000 in loans for present military requirements.

Stockholders of the Cleveland Union Stock Yards Co., sanctioned an increase in capital from \$500,000 to \$2,500,000.

After a suspension for printing an article not approved by the government, the Berlin Tageblatt reappeared in Berlin.

The Bank of England bought \$2,000 pounds in bar gold, and shipped 5,000 pounds in sovereigns to the United States.

An earthquake occurring about 2,300 miles from Washington was recorded on the seismograph of Georgetown University.

G. T. Zeiger, Chicago packer, had pocket picked of checks and currency valued at \$16,977 while riding in a Chicago street car.

The senate voted to purchase for \$750,000 the device of John Hays Hammond, Jr., for conducting the course of torpedoes by radio.

Lieut.-Col. W. S. Tetberry emphatically denied the report that he had suggested condemnation of the 47th Regiment in Brooklyn.

Capt. Hans Tauscher was acquitted in Federal Court in New York of a charge of having conspired to blow up the Welland canal in Canada.

Robert E. Daley and Louis Reitz, privates in Co. H, 11 Regiment, Brooklyn, were drowned while bathing in the Gasconade River, Mo.

The steamship Parima arriving at New York from St. Thomas reported having been boarded by a French cruiser two days after leaving port.

Memorial services were held in Trinity Church here yesterday afternoon for three troops of cavalry under Captain Leroy Eitline pursued eight Mexicans who raided the old post at Fort Hancock and escaped with several heads of government horses.

While standing on the depot platform at Meriden shortly after midnight, Harry Anderson, about 25 years old, of New Britain, was stunned by a falling car and taken to the Meriden hospital.

While showing a fellow employee how to handle a transom, Mark O'Brien, high Valley seewitchman shot and killed himself in a switchtower in Newark while showing how to use an reel bolter.

Walter Carter, 26 years of age, of Pawtucket, was drowned while wading for quahaugs at Oakland Beach, R. I. With a basket of quahaugs on his arm he stepped into the channel and did not come up.

### AMERICAN CAVALRYMEN PURSUED EIGHT MEXICANS

Who Raided the Old Post at Fort Hancock and Escaped With Horses.

Fabens, Texas, July 2.—American troops which crossed the Rio Grande into Mexico near Fort Hancock late yesterday afternoon in pursuit of the Mexican raiders, re-crossed the river today, the trail having been lost, according to a report received here.

Three troops of cavalry under Captain Leroy Eitline pursued eight Mexicans who raided the old post at Fort Hancock and escaped with several heads of government horses.

### VERMONT TROOPS HAVE ARRIVED AT EAGLE PASS

Went Into Camp Under Colonel Ira Reeves.

Eagle Pass, Texas, July 2.—The First Regiment of the Vermont National Guard, Colonel Ira Reeves commanding, arrived at Eagle Pass today and went into camp. The first battalion arrived about one o'clock and was followed by the other battalions at intervals of about an hour.

Trying to Recover Body.

Southington, July 2.—Searchers worked unsuccessfully all today at Hitchcock's Pond on Waterbury Mountain trying to recover the body of a young man who drowned there yesterday afternoon while bathing. The young man's name has not been learned. Explosives were used in the water frequently during the day but without result.

Body Found in Connecticut River.

Middletown, Conn., July 2.—The body of a young man who was missing since last Wednesday night from the schooner Marshall O. Wells at Higganum, was found in the Connecticut river here today. It is believed that he went in swimming and was taken with cramps while in the water. His clothing was found on the schooner last Thursday morning.

## Conn. Troops Are in New Mexico

HEALTH OF MEN IS REPORTED TO BE EXCELLENT.

### WOMEN ARE HOSTILE

Men Were Delighted With the Great Prairies of Oklahoma—Precautionary Health Food and Water Tests Have Been Made.

New Haven, Conn., July 2.—The Second Regiment, Connecticut Militia Infantry, enroute for the Mexican border, entered New Mexico today, having cut through a corner of Texas during the night, according to a message received here. The Second and Third Battalions were reported three or four hours behind the First Battalion.

Services on the Train.

Chaplain Fox held four short services on the train today, one for each company, beginning at 9 o'clock. The health of the men is reported excellent, no sickness or accidents having occurred. The weather has been good throughout the trip so far, only one shower having occurred since the trains left this city.

Given Exercises to Limber Up.

When the train reached Liberal, Kansas, yesterday, the men were ordered off and given exercises to limber up after the long days of train riding. Kansas hospitality was everywhere evident during the journey through that state and the men were given a warm welcome.

Mexican Women Hostile.

In southwestern Kansas a number of Mexicans were met. Some of them, who had taken out their first citizenship papers, expressed themselves as in sympathy with the troops but others simply looked on and expressed no sentiments. A number of Mexican women, however, manifested a hostile attitude, biting their bent index fingers at the men, an action which it is said means a death threat.

Delighted With Prairies.

When the train reached the Oklahoma line an almost boundless expanse of prairie spread out before the men and they were delighted. Hundreds of acres of prairie dogs, chickens and jack rabbits and the comment was made that the closely cropped wheat fields looked as if they had gone over with a safety razor.

Precautionary Health Measure.

Information about Nogales and border conditions was given the men today as a precautionary measure. Pure food and water tests were made. The morale of the men is reported excellent.

### 50,000 GUARDSMEN IN MOBILIZATION CAMPS

From States in the Department of the East.

New York, July 2.—Approximately 50,000 national guardsmen from the states in the department of the east of the regular army are now in mobilization camps under the supervision of Major General Leonard Wood announced tonight. It is expected, he said, that 35,000 men from the department will be sent by the end of the week. Already at the border or on their way there are 24,028 state troops. These men are divided by states as follows:

New York, 5,043; Massachusetts, 5,497; New Jersey, 4,058; Pennsylvania, 3,238; Connecticut, 2,221; Maryland, 1,652; Maine, 1,400; Vermont, 888; Rhode Island, 181.

Movement of militia units will be much slower from now on, General Wood said. The four remaining units of the First Cavalry encamped at Fort Belknap, land Park have been ordered to enter immediately.

Lieutenant Colonel Henry S. Sternberger announced today that national guard headquarters that the First Field Artillery would leave for the border tomorrow morning.

### ACCIDENT TO HAROLD S. VANDERBILT'S SCHOONER

Put an End to Ocean Race of the Eastern Yacht Club.

Marblehead, Mass., July 2.—An accident to Harold C. Vanderbilt's schooner yacht Vagrant put an end to the second annual ocean race of the Eastern Yacht club from Newport to this harbor for the Vanderbilt gold cup. The Vagrant lost her topsail in a heavy gust soon after she had taken the lead off Saconnet yesterday over the Virginia, owned by L. F. Crofoot of Omaha, Neb., the only other entrant.

The Vagrant dropped